

# OPERATOR CERTIFICATION ADVANCED MATH SHEET

DO NOT WRITE ON MATH SHEET

## ◆ Equivalents ◆

1 cubic foot = 7.48 gallons  
1 cubic yard = 27 cubic feet  
1 gallon of water = 8.34 pounds  
1 p.s.i. = 2.31 feet of water  
1 foot of head = 0.43 p.s.i.  
1 horsepower = 0.746 kilowatts  
1 acre = 43,560 square feet  
1 mile = 5,280 feet

1 day = 1440 minutes

1 mg/L = 1 ppm

1 MGD = 694 gpm

$\pi$  (Pi) = 3.14

Radius of circle = diameter  $\div$  2

Circumference of circle =  $\pi$  x diameter

Temp. °Centigrade = (°Fahrenheit - 32°) x 0.55

Temp. °Fahrenheit = (°Centigrade x 1.8) + 32°F

## ◆ Area and Volume Formulas ◆

### Circles/Cylinders:

Area, sq. ft. =  $\pi$  x radius, ft. x radius, ft.

Volume, cu. ft. =  $\pi$  x radius, ft. x radius, ft. x height, ft.

### Cone:

Volume, cu. ft. = 0.33 x  $\pi$  x radius, ft. x radius, ft. x height, ft.

### Rectangles:

Area, sq. ft. = length, ft. x width, ft.

Volume, cu. ft. = length, ft. x width, ft. x height, ft.

## ◆ General Formulas ◆

Detention Time, hr. =  $\frac{\text{volume, gal.} \times 24 \text{ hr./day}}{\text{flow, gpd}}$

Velocity, ft./sec. =  $\frac{\text{flow, cu. ft./sec.}}{\text{area, sq. ft.}}$

Velocity, ft./sec. =  $\frac{\text{distance, ft.}}{\text{time, sec.}}$

Velocity, ft./sec. =  $\frac{\text{gpm}}{\text{diameter, in.} \times \text{diameter, in.} \times 2.448}$   
(Pipe)

Water HP =  $\frac{\text{gpm} \times \text{head, ft.}}{3960}$

Brake HP =  $\frac{\text{water horsepower}}{\text{pump efficiency \%}}$

Motor HP =  $\frac{\text{water horsepower}}{(\text{pump efficiency \%} \times \text{motor efficiency \%})}$

Motor HP =  $\frac{\text{pump horsepower}}{\text{motor efficiency \%}}$

Dose, mg/L =  $\frac{\text{chemical feed, lbs./day}}{\text{flow, MGD} \times 8.34 \text{ lbs./gal.}}$

\$ Cost Per Day = hp x 0.746 x \$ rate x hours/day

Chemical Feed, lbs./day = flow, MGD x dose, mg/L x 8.34 lbs./gal.

Chemical Feed, lbs. = volume, MG x dose, mg/L x 8.34 lbs./gal.

Solids Applied, lbs./day = flow, MGD x conc., mg/L x 8.34 lbs./gal.

Weir Overflow Rate, gpd/ft. =  $\frac{\text{flow rate, gpd}}{\text{weir length, ft.}}$

Surface Loading Rate, gpd/sq.ft. =  $\frac{\text{flow rate, gpd}}{\text{area, sq. ft.}}$

Solids Loading, lbs./day/sq.ft. =  $\frac{\text{solids applied, lbs./day}}{\text{surface area, sq. ft.}}$

% Stroke Setting =  $\frac{\text{required feed, gpd}}{\text{maximum feed, gpd}} \times 100$

% Removal =  $\frac{(\text{in} - \text{out})}{\text{in}} \times 100$

Screening Removed, cu. ft./mg =  $\frac{\text{screenings, cu. ft.}}{\text{flow, MGD}}$

Day's Supply =  $\frac{\text{total chemical in inventory, lbs.}}{\text{average use, lbs./day}}$

Flow, cu. ft./sec. = area, sq. ft. x velocity, ft./sec

Dose, mg/L =  $\frac{\text{chemical feed, lbs.}}{\text{volume, MG} \times 8.34 \text{ lbs./gal.}}$

Slope =  $\frac{\text{fall, ft.}}{\text{length, ft.}}$

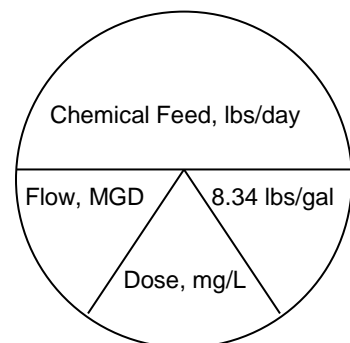
## ◆ Chlorine Formulas ◆

Chlorine Dose, mg/L = chlorine demand, mg/L + chlorine residual, mg/L

Chlorine Residual, mg/L = chlorine dose, mg/L - chlorine demand, mg/L

Chlorine Demand, mg/L = chlorine dose, mg/L - chlorine residual, mg/L

Pounds/Day of HTH =  $\frac{\text{lbs./day chlorine needed}}{\text{\% chlorine of HTH}}$



### ◆ **Water Math** ◆

$$\text{Filtration Rate, gpm/sq.ft.} = \frac{\text{flow rate, gpm}}{\text{filter surface area, sq. ft.}}$$

$$\text{Filter Backwash Rate, gpm/sq.ft.} = \frac{\text{backwash flow rate, gpm}}{\text{filter surface area, sq. ft.}}$$

$$\text{Filter Backwash Water \%} = \frac{\text{backwash water, gal.}}{\text{water filtered, gal.}} \times 100$$

$$\text{Wash Water, gpm} = \frac{\text{area, sq. ft.} \times \text{rise, ft.} \times 7.48 \text{ gal./cu. ft.}}{\text{minutes}}$$

$$\text{Reservoir Volume, ac./ft.} = \frac{\text{reservoir volume, cu. ft.}}{43,560 \text{ sq. ft./ac.}}$$

$$\text{Reservoir Volume, gal.} = \text{volume, ac.-ft.} \times 43,560 \text{ sq. ft./ac.} \times 7.48 \text{ gal./cu. ft.}$$

$$\text{Surface Area, ac.} = \frac{\text{surface area, sq. ft.}}{43,560 \text{ sq. ft./ac.}}$$

$$\text{Chemical Feed, lbs.} = \text{surface area, ac.} \times \text{dose, lbs./ac.}$$

$$\text{Mean or Average} = \frac{\text{sum of values or measurements}}{\text{number of values or measurements}}$$

**Median** = middle value of a group of data

### ◆ **Wastewater Math** ◆

$$\text{Grit Removed, cu. ft./MG} = \frac{\text{volume of grit, cu. ft.}}{\text{volume of flow, MG}}$$

$$\text{Pond, Detention Time, days} = \frac{\text{pond volume, ac.-ft}}{\text{flow rate, ac.-ft/day}}$$

$$\text{Pond Area, acres} = \frac{\text{avg. width, ft.} \times \text{avg. length, ft.}}{43,560 \text{ sq. ft./acre}}$$

$$\text{Pond, Population Loading, (number of persons/acre)} = \frac{\text{population served, persons}}{\text{pond area, acres}}$$

$$\text{Pond, Organic Loading (lbs. BOD/day/acre)} = \frac{\text{flow, MGD} \times \text{BOD concentration, mg/L} \times 8.34 \text{ lbs./gal.}}{\text{Pond area, acres}}$$

$$\text{Pond, Hydraulic Loading (inches per day)} = \frac{\text{depth of pond, inches}}{\text{detention time, days}}$$

$$\text{Trickling Filter, Organic Loading (lbs. BOD/day per 1,000 cu. ft.)} = \frac{\text{BOD applied, lbs./day}}{\text{volume of media, 1,000 cu. ft.}}$$

$$\text{Sludge Age (in days)} = \frac{\text{MLSS in aeration tank (lbs.)}}{\text{TSS entering aeration tank (lbs/day)}}$$

$$\text{Sludge Volume Index (SVI), ml/g} = \frac{30 \text{ min. settleability test, ml/L} \times 1,000 \text{ mg/g}}{\text{MLSS, mg/L}}$$